

Your Guide to
Personal
Planning

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Chartered Accountants

Your Guide to Personal Planning

Tax and financial planning may not be the first activity of choice for many people, but if you want to ensure that you are making the most of your hard-earned cash, and that your family will enjoy financial security into the future, it is essential to plan ahead.

As well as helping to minimise your tax liability, and providing for the needs of you and your family in the longer term, effective personal financial planning can help to ensure that you are covered in the event of an accident or change of circumstances.

You should consider the following factors:

- **Your family** – you need to plan for the financial needs of your family, and also to take advantage of the tax-saving opportunities available.
- **Your retirement strategy** – while it's never too late to plan for your retirement, the earlier you start, the more chance you will have to accumulate the funds you will need.
- **Savings and investments** – good planning can help you to minimise the tax you have to pay on your savings, and maximise the returns.
- **Your estate** – inheritance tax is a real concern for an increasing number of people. Implement strategies now to minimise your liability.

How we can help

From planning for your children's future, to ensuring that you have adequate funds for your retirement, it is vital that you develop a tax-efficient financial planning strategy.

To make the most of your planning opportunities, you should also involve your family and your financial advisors in the process.

This guide offers basic advice and tips on tax-efficient personal planning. However, we can provide more detailed advice which is tailored to your own specific needs – so contact us for one-to-one assistance.

Family Financial Planning

The basic principles

Each member of your family is taxed as an individual, with personal allowances and exemptions. With the right circumstances and careful planning, a couple with two children could have income and gains of at least £66,300 tax-free, and income up to £175,500 before paying any higher rate tax. All capital gains are taxed at 18%.

The fundamental rules are:

- Make the most of tax-free opportunities
- Keep exposure to marginal tax rates as low as possible
- Maintain a spread between income and capital.

Five personal planning pointers

Moving capital

One

Planning is often hindered by the potential for tax charges to arise when assets are moved between family members. We can advise you on how to reduce your overall marginal tax rates by transferring assets between spouses* and children in a tax-efficient manner.

Generation skipping

Two

Consider tax-efficient gifts from grandparents. Income from capital gifted by grandparents or more remote relatives will be taxed as the child's. Regular savings through deposit accounts can also help.

Marriage breakdown

Three

There are cases for and against making transfers as quickly as possible after separation. Check with us for the most appropriate course of action.

Your remuneration package

Four

There are ways to improve your net pay, other than asking for a rise. Are you making the most of current benefits regarding pensions, company cars and expenses, and other benefits such as medical cover?

A Will and a Living Will

Five

As well as ensuring that you have adequate insurance cover, with life assurance perhaps written into trust, you also need to make a Will. You will need to keep it under regular review, to ensure it reflects changes in your family and financial circumstances. We recommend that you and your spouse also execute a lasting power of attorney and a 'Living Will'.

Pension Planning

The basic annual state pension for a married couple is just below £7,920, which means that you will almost certainly need additional sources of income. For most people, saving to provide for a comfortable and financially secure retirement includes tax-efficient investment in an appropriate form of company pension scheme or private pension policy.

Your personal planning strategy will be determined by a number of factors, including:

- How long you have before retirement
- Whether you are employed or self-employed
- Whether there is a company pension scheme
- How much you are able to invest for your retirement.

Company pensions

This may take the form of a final salary scheme, which pays a retirement income related to the amount earned when you stopped working; or a money purchase scheme, which reflects the amount invested and the underlying investment performance.

Private pensions

If you are not in a company scheme, you should make your own arrangements, since relying on the state pension is already unwise, and is likely to become increasingly so with every passing year.

Personal pensions

Whether you invest through personal pension policies or retirement annuity policies, your investment will, subject to limits, qualify for tax relief at up to 40%.

Stakeholder pensions

These are subject to a minimum £20 investment, and a 1.5% per annum ceiling on charges. Premiums can be paid on behalf of another person – including perhaps an infant grandchild.

SIPPs

Self Invested Personal Pension policies (SIPPs) give the investor greater flexibility over how the funds are invested.

Pension policy is an area that seems to be under constant review by the Government. This may have implications for your pension savings. We would also recommend that you consider a parallel savings strategy to build readily-accessible savings outside your 'pension pot'.

** where applicable, 'spouses' also includes civil partners*

Your Wealth

Investments

Growing your savings and being able to retire when and how you want will probably be one of your most important financial objectives. But achieving this goal takes planning and commitment.

Making the most of your investments

Paying tax on your savings and investment earnings should be minimised or avoided if possible. There are a number of investment products that provide tax-free income, including ISAs and some National Savings products. Other savings options available include investment bonds, bank and building society accounts, stocks and shares, and, of course, bricks and mortar. In certain circumstances some of these investments may be preferable to investment in pension schemes.

Investments under the Enterprise Investment Scheme (EIS) and in Venture Capital Trusts (VCTs) may also be worth considering if you are happy that the tax breaks they offer outweigh the possibly higher investment risk.

Your estate

Inheritance tax, chargeable on estate assets in excess of £325,000, is a concern for more and more families. Effective estate planning is vital to ensure that your assets will go to your chosen beneficiaries.

When making your estate plan consider the following factors:

- **Who do you want to benefit from your wealth?**
This may include your spouse or partner, children, grandchildren, and any charities you may wish to include
- **Should assets be placed into a trust restricting access to income and/or capital?**
- **How will the business be passed on?**

Making the most of gifts

It could be said that the art of inheritance tax planning is to give away as much as possible during your lifetime, while still ensuring that you have enough left for a comfortable lifestyle in retirement. We can help you create a tax-efficient gifts strategy to achieve your personal goals and meet your capital or income requirements.

We can help you work to keep your estate plan tax-efficient and up-to-date – contact us now.

Our Services

- Business Planning**
- Business start-up planning and advice
 - Strategic and business planning
 - Financial management
 - Financial information systems
 - Computer systems advice
- Taxation Advice**
- Self assessment
 - Personal tax
 - Business tax
 - Company tax
 - Capital gains tax
 - Inheritance tax
 - HM Revenue and Customs investigations
 - Value Added Tax
 - PAYE and national insurance compliance
- Accounting**
- Preparation of annual accounts
 - Preparation of periodic management accounts
 - Book-keeping services
 - Maintaining PAYE and VAT records and associated returns
- Company Secretarial**
- Preparation and filing of statutory returns
 - Preparation of minutes and resolutions
 - Company formation
 - Company searches

This guide is for general information only. No responsibility is taken for any action taken or refrained from in consequence of its contents. Always seek professional advice before acting.

Please contact us for further information

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